

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

### SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Product code : 001D8305

#### Manufacturer or supplier's details

Supplier : Viva Energy Australia Pty Ltd  
(Formerly: The Shell Company of Australia)  
(ABN 46 004 610 459)  
720 Bourke Street  
Docklands  
Victoria 3008  
Australia

Telephone : +61 (0)3 8823 4444

Telefax : +61 (0)3 8823 4800

Emergency telephone number : 1800 651 818 (Australia). ; POISONS INFORMATION CENTRE: 13 11 26 (Australia).

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Transmission oil.

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### GHS Classification

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Category 3

#### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : PHYSICAL HAZARDS:  
Not classified as a physical hazard under GHS criteria.  
HEALTH HAZARDS:  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:  
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements :  
**Prevention:**  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

**Response:**

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.  
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

### Storage:

No precautionary phrases.

### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

Contains triazole derivatives.

Sensitising components : Contains borated ester. Contains Alkyl polyamide. Contains thiadiazole derivative. Contains dialkyl sulphide.

### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities. Not classified as flammable but will burn.

## SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature : Synthetic base oil and additives.  
Highly refined mineral oil.  
The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.  
The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive diluent.

: \* contains one or more of the following CAS-numbers: 64742-53-6, 64742-54-7, 64742-55-8, 64742-56-9, 64742-65-0, 68037-01-4, 72623-86-0, 72623-87-1, 8042-47-5, 848301-69-9.

### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration [%]
Heterocyclic ether	18760-44-6	Aquatic Chronic2; H411	1 - 2.4
Heterocyclic ether	Not Assigned	Aquatic Chronic2; H411	1 - 2.4
Borated ester	Not Assigned	Skin Sens.1B; H317	0.1 - 0.9
Alkyl polyamide	68784-17-8	Eye Irrit.2A; H319 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1B; H317	0.1 - 0.9
Triazole derivative	91273-04-0	Skin Corr.1B; H314 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 Aquatic Acute2;	0.1 - 0.9

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

		H401	
Triazole derivative	80584-90-3	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1B; H317 Aquatic Chronic1; H410 Aquatic Acute1; H400	0.1 - 0.24
Alkyl thiadiazole	13539-13-4	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Eye Irrit.2A; H319 Acute Tox.4; H332	0.01 - 0.09
Dialkyl sulphide	Not Assigned	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Skin Sens.1A; H317 Eye Irrit.2; H319 Acute Tox.4; H332	0.01 - 0.09
Interchangeable low viscosity base oil (<20,5 cSt @40°C) *	Not Assigned	Asp. Tox.1; H304	0 - 90

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

### SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

- If inhaled : No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.
- In case of skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
- In case of eye contact : Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.
- If swallowed : In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Skin sensitisation (allergic skin reaction) signs and symptoms may include itching and/or a rash. Oil acne/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation of black pustules and spots on the skin of exposed areas. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and/or diarrhoea.
- Protection of first-aiders : When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
- Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2	Revision Date 14.09.2017	Print Date 15.09.2017
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam, water spray or fog. Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water in a jet.	
Specific hazards during firefighting	: Hazardous combustion products may include: A complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases (smoke). Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs. Unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.	
Specific extinguishing methods	: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Proper protective equipment including chemical resistant gloves are to be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if large contact with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to relevant Standards (e.g. Europe: EN469).	
Hazchem Code	: NONE	

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### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	: Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.  Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
Additional advice	: For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

### SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- General Precautions : Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.  
Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
- Advice on safe handling : Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin.  
Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists.  
When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used.  
Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
- Avoidance of contact : Strong oxidising agents.
- Product Transfer : This material has the potential to be a static accumulator.  
Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations.

#### Storage

- Other data : Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place.  
Use properly labeled and closable containers.
- Store at ambient temperature.
- Store at ambient temperature.
- Packaging material : Suitable material: For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.  
Unsuitable material: PVC.
- Container Advice : Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

### SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	AU OEL
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA ((inhalable fraction))	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Australia. Workplace Exposure

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

				Standards for Airborne Contaminants.
Oil mist, mineral	Not Assigned	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
	Not Assigned	TWA (Inhalable fraction)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	ACGIH

### Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

### Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods  
<http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/>

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods  
<http://www.osha.gov/>

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances  
<http://www.hse.gov.uk/>

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany  
<http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp>

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Sécurité, (INRS), France <http://www.inrs.fr/accueil>

### Engineering measures

: The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:  
Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

#### General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

### Personal protective equipment

#### Protective measures

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Respiratory protection : No respiratory protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.  
In accordance with good industrial hygiene practices, precautions should be taken to avoid breathing of material. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker health, select respiratory protection equipment suitable for the specific conditions of use and meeting relevant legislation. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers. Where air-filtering respirators are suitable, select an appropriate combination of mask and filter. Select a filter suitable for the combination of organic gases and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling point >65°C (149°F)].

#### Hand protection

#### Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference for > 480 minutes where suitable gloves can be identified. For short-term/splash protection we recommend the same, but recognize that suitable gloves offering this level of protection may not be available and in this case a lower breakthrough time maybe acceptable so long as appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes are followed. Glove thickness is not a good predictor of glove resistance to a chemical as it is dependent on the exact composition of the glove material.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

Glove thickness should be typically greater than 0.35 mm depending on the glove make and model.

- Eye protection : Wear full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.
- Skin and body protection : Wear chemical resistant gloves/gauntlets and boots. Where risk of splashing, also wear an apron.
- Thermal hazards : Not applicable

### Environmental exposure controls

- General advice : Take appropriate measures to fulfill the requirements of relevant environmental protection legislation. Avoid contamination of the environment by following advice given in Chapter 6. If necessary, prevent undissolved material from being discharged to waste water. Waste water should be treated in a municipal or industrial waste water treatment plant before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits for volatile substances must be observed for the discharge of exhaust air containing vapour.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance : Liquid at room temperature.
- Colour : red
- Odour : Slight hydrocarbon
- Odour Threshold : Data not available
- pH : Not applicable
- pour point : -51 °C / -60 °F Method: ISO 3016
- Melting / freezing point : Data not available
- Initial boiling point and boiling range : > 280 °C / 536 °F estimated value(s)
- Flash point : 213 °C / 415 °F  
Method: ASTM D92 (COC)
- Evaporation rate : Data not available
- Flammability (solid, gas) : Data not available
- Upper explosion limit : Typical 10 %(V)
- Lower explosion limit : Typical 1 %(V)
- Vapour pressure : < 0.5 Pa (20 °C / 68 °F)  
estimated value(s)



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

---

Relative vapour density	: > 1 estimated value(s)
Relative density	: 0.840 (15 °C / 59 °F)
Density	: 840 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (15.0 °C / 59.0 °F) Method: ASTM D287
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	: negligible
Solubility in other solvents	: Data not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Pow: > 6 (based on information on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	: > 320 °C / 608 °F
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 36 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40.0 °C / 104.0 °F) Method: ASTM D445
	7.3 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (100 °C / 212 °F) Method: ASTM D445
Explosive properties	: Not classified
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a static accumulator.
Decomposition temperature	: Data not available

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### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	: The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.
Chemical stability	: Stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.
Conditions to avoid	: Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
Incompatible materials	: Strong oxidising agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

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### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).

Exposure routes : Skin and eye contact are the primary routes of exposure although exposure may occur following accidental ingestion.

#### Acute toxicity

**Product:**

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

Acute inhalation toxicity : Remarks: Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg  
Remarks: Expected to be of low toxicity:

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Product:**

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

**Product:**

Remarks: Expected to be slightly irritating.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

**Product:**

Remarks: Expected to be a skin sensitizer.

**Components:**

**Borated ester:**

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

**Alkyl polyamide:**

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

**Triazole derivative:**

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

**Triazole derivative:**

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

**Alkyl thiadiazole:**

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

**Dialkyl sulphide:**

Remarks: May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

### Chronic toxicity

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Product:**

: Remarks: Not considered a mutagenic hazard.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to be carcinogenic.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Product:**

: Remarks: Not expected to impair fertility., Not expected to be a developmental toxicant.

### STOT - single exposure

**Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

### STOT - repeated exposure

**Product:**

Remarks: Not expected to be a hazard.

### Aspiration toxicity

**Product:**

Not considered an aspiration hazard.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

### Further information

#### Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment : Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product.  
Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.  
Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).

#### Ecotoxicity

##### Product:

Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Expected to be harmful:  
LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Expected to be harmful:  
LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Expected to be harmful:  
LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity) : Remarks: Data not available

##### Components:

##### **Triazole derivative :**

M-Factor : 1

##### **Triazole derivative :**

M-Factor : 1

#### Persistence and degradability

##### Product:

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

Biodegradability : Remarks: Expected to be not readily biodegradable., Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but contains components that may persist in the environment.

### Bioaccumulative potential

#### Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on information on similar products)

### Mobility in soil

#### Product:

Mobility : Remarks: Liquid under most environmental conditions., If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

Remarks: Floats on water.

### Other adverse effects

no data available

#### Product:

Additional ecological information : Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities., Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.  
Poorly soluble mixture., May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms.

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## SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Recover or recycle if possible.  
It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.  
Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses

Waste product should not be allowed to contaminate soil or ground water, or be disposed of into the environment.  
Waste, spills or used product is dangerous waste.

Contaminated packaging : Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.  
Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

Local legislation  
Remarks

: Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

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### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### National Regulations

##### ADG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### International Regulations

##### IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

##### IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Pollution category : Not applicable  
Ship type : Not applicable  
Product name : Not applicable  
Special precautions : Not applicable

#### Special precautions for user

Remarks : Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

**Additional Information** : MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

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### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : No poison schedule number allocated  
Scheduling of Medicines and  
Poisons

Product classified as per Work Health Safety Regulations – Implementation of the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) 2012 and SDS prepared as per national model code of practice for preparation of safety data sheet for Hazardous chemicals 2011 based on Globally Harmonized Classification version 3.

National Model Code of Practice for the Labelling of Workplace Hazardous Chemicals (2011).

Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG code). Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

#### Other international regulations

#### The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS : All components listed or polymer exempt.

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

TSCA : All components listed.  
AICS : All components listed.

### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of H-Statements

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic	Chronic aquatic toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitisation

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; CPR - Controlled Products Regulations; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Shell Spirax S6 ATF A295

Version 3.2

Revision Date 14.09.2017

Print Date 15.09.2017

Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Date of preparation or review : 14.09.2017

### Further information

Training advice : Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Other information : A vertical bar (|) in the left margin indicates an amendment from the previous version.

Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet : The quoted data are from, but not limited to, one or more sources of information (e.g. toxicological data from Shell Health Services, material suppliers' data, CONCAWE, EU IUCLID data base, EC 1272 regulation, etc).

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

AU / EN